Water Data Integration

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Water Data Infrastructure

• Outline
  • Big Picture: Telling a story about water
  • Open Water Data: Concepts – Internet of Water
  • Integrating across EPA systems (internal integration)
  • Enabling Integration beyond EPA
  • System Design Principles
  • Deep Dive – Water Monitoring: Samples and Sensors
  • Deep Dive – Hydrologic Networks
  • Pulling the Pieces Together: Telling the Water Story
What can you tell me about my water?

Is it safe to drink?
Is there enough water?
Can I swim in it?
Is it polluted?
If it is polluted, what are you doing about it?
If it isn’t polluted, what are you doing to protect it?
What can I do to help?
FOUR PILLARS OF OPEN WATER DATA
### Sampling Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standards</th>
<th>✓</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Metadata</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tied to Hydrography</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discoverable</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Real Time Data

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Metadata</td>
<td>GAP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tied to Hydrography</td>
<td>SOME</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discoverable</td>
<td>SOME</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Other Attributes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standards</th>
<th>VARIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Metadata</td>
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</tbody>
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**Common Hydrography**
Using Standards to Integrate

- Each system supports an API with a defined output
- Where common, generic outputs can be defined, those outputs are used
- Points of integration are also defined between systems
- All data are indexed for quick discovery as well as referenced to a common hydrography to enable advanced searches/discovery
Principles of Integration

- No direct database access. All interaction is through an API (this is true for the system owners as well)
- Identify points of integration between systems to enable easy discovery and entry points across systems
- Data indexes (catalogs) allow quick discovery of data
- Data indexes can also facilitate common search functionality across systems
- Data are all connected to a common Hydrography

Points of Integration:

- Assessed Water $\Leftrightarrow$ Monitoring Locations
- Assessed Water $\Leftrightarrow$ Permitted Facility
- Assessed Water $\Leftrightarrow$ Restoration Actions
- Pollution Budgets $\Leftrightarrow$ Permitted Facilities
Deep Dive: Water Sampling – Water Quality Exchange (WQX)

• WQX is a ‘standards’ based approach for sharing water quality monitoring data
• WQX defines a common data model for communicating water quality data (sample data)
• Designed to be automated
• The structure of partner data systems don’t matter, so long as they can map to WQX
• WQX also provides a standard format for publishing data
Some history on how EPA got here

• From 1998-2007, EPA provided a distributed database (STORET) for partners to use to manage their data; partners could then send a ‘copy’ of their database to EPA

• Numerous issues:
  • Partners didn’t buy-in to using the EPA database
  • “Keeping up with technology” was exceptionally difficult
  • Trying to build one system that met everybody’s needs resulted in an overly complex system
Why use a standards-based approach?

• WQX is not dependent on a particular technology
  • The data sharing model is based on the science of water quality monitoring, which doesn’t change that much
• Partners don’t need to run EPA’s software, but rather just need to map their data systems to WQX
• EPA could focus on the ‘core’ data elements that were needed for someone to communicate water quality monitoring data
WQX Tells a story about water quality monitoring

• WQX captures the following information:
  • Who: Who’s conducting the sample
  • What: What did they sample
  • When: What time of year or day was the sample taken
  • Where: Where was the sample taken
  • Why: What was the purpose of the monitoring
  • How: How was the sample collected, how was the sample analyzed

• All of this information provides context for a value (i.e. 12 mg/l)
The role of WQX in Data Sharing

For more information on the portal see: www.waterqualitydata.us
Deep Dive: Real-time Data (Interoperable Watersheds Network)

• The Interoperable Watersheds Network was a demonstration project that focused on evaluating approaches to improve sensor data sharing

• It was based on knowledge gained from an recommendations report that EPA developed in 2014

• The project focused on addressing three major areas:
  • Data Standards
  • Metadata
  • System Architecture
The Data Standards Problem

• We needed a common way to represent and communicate the data
• Standards for sensor data already exist, there was no need to create new standards
  • OGC Sensor Observation Service
  • OGC Water ML 2 and Sensor ML
• The Open Geospatial Consortium is an open-source, international standards setting body
The Metadata Problem

- Needed a standard way to answer the following questions:
  - What data are available and for what parameters?
  - What data can I use?
  - What’s the quality of the data?
- IWN had to develop standard ways to do this (no existing standard existed)
- Further work needs to be done in this area
The Architecture Problem

How do you solve the problem of multiple data providers with large amounts of data that have the potential to change every 3-15 minutes?

- Used a central catalog/index that references every data owner’s assets with the corresponding metadata for each sensor
- Allowed for quick searching and discovery of available data
- This approach is similar to how Google allows you to search the internet
- Actual data comes from the partners systems in real-time
IWN’s Open Architecture Allows Other Possibilities

- IWN is built using an open architecture, meaning that all the functionality you see in the demonstration tool is also available as a corresponding Web Service or Application Program Interface (API)
- Enables for other apps to be developed (like mobile apps)
- Also allows for other third-party applications (like Excel) to be able to directly interact with the data without having to go to a website and ‘download’ the data
Outcomes

- CURRENTS is a demonstration tool
- It contains data from:
  
  **8 Partners:**
  - EPA Region 1: 2 Sensors
  - EPA Region 7: 18 Sensors
  - EPA Region 10: 1 Sensor
  - EPA ORD: 3 Sensors
  - NJ DEP: 106 Sensors
  - NJ Meadowlands: 3 Sensors
  - Clermont County, OH: 4 Sensors
  - USGS: 15,541 Sensors (nationwide coverage)
Deep Dive: Hydrologic Networks

National Hydrography Dataset (NHD)
(1:100K and better)

Watershed Boundary Dataset (WBD)
(1:24K)

National Elevation Dataset (NED)
(10 meter and better source resampled to 30 meter)
Catchment-based Indexing Approach

- Use the NHDPlus catchments as an abstraction for higher-resolution data and as a common unit for measures
- Use an automated process to develop correspondence between state-provided data and the NHDPlus catchments
- Resulted in a significant cost-savings for EPA and opened up a whole new world of communication opportunities – PARADIGM SHIFT
National Linked Data Index (NLDI)

Sensors

Sampling Points
With integrated data there is much broader capability

- **Downstream services:**
  - Would allow immediate discovery of monitoring locations, and immediate data download
  - Quick discovery of impaired waters downstream
  - Quick discovery of potentially impacted drinking water facilities

- **Sensor Network Services:**
  - Allow access to real-time data as the event occurs

- **Watershed Characterization:**
  - Non-point source activities in the watershed
  - Pollution Budgets in place

- **Water Use:**
  - Potential irrigation withdrawal points to identify potential impacts to agriculture
Pulling the Pieces Together: Telling the Water Story

Provide the public with usable, meaningful information

Communicate progress states, tribes, and EPA are making towards restoring or protecting water quality

Engage the public in understanding impacts on water and issues related to water
Design Concepts

- All information is based on a service
- Tell the story at multiple levels (National, State, County, Local)
- Integrate data across systems
- Allow for in-depth stories in addition to interactive content
APIs and Integrated Data Open Up Broader Usage Outside of Your Application
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Other Links:
Water Quality Portal: https://waterqualitydata.us
National Hydrography Dataset Plus: https://www.epa.gov/waterdata/nhdplus-national-hydrography-dataset-plus
National Linked Data Index: https://owi.usgs.gov/blog/nldi-intro/